1:22-cr-00644-JSR-2

23-7090 United States v. Perez USDC SDNY
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UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

SUMMARY ORDER

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PRESENT:	
AMALYA L. KI	,
SUSAN L. CAR MYRNA PÉREZ	
Circuit Ju	
United States of America,	
Aı	ppellee,
• •	r)
V.	No. 23-7090
Steven Perez,	
a/k/a Sealed Defendant 2	
a/k/a Lucha,	
De	efendant-Appellant,
Keith Vereen,	
A/k/a Sealed Defendant 1,	
$D\epsilon$	efendant.

1 **FOR APPELLEE:** ASHLEY C. NICOLAS, Assistant United States 2 Attorney (Madison Reddick Smyser, on the brief), 3 for Damian Williams, United States Attorney for the 4 Southern District of New York, New York, NY. 5 6 FOR DEFENDANT-APPELLANT: KENDRA L. HUTCHINSON, Assistant Federal 7 Defender, Federal Defenders of New York, 8 New York, NY. 9 10 Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Jed 11 S. Rakoff, Judge). 12 Petitioner appeals the district court's order of detention pending sentencing and requests that this Court issue an order releasing the Petitioner pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3143(a), 18 U.S.C. 13 14 §3145(c), and Fed. R. App. P. 9(a). Petitioner also moves for immediate release pending 15 disposition of this motion pursuant to Fed. R. App. P. 9(a)(3). Upon due consideration, it is hereby **ORDERED** that the judgment of the district court is **AFFIRMED** and the motion for 16 17 release under Fed. R. App. P. 9(a)(3) is **DENIED**. 18 A person who has been convicted of an offense with a suggested sentence of a term of 19 imprisonment is not entitled to release pending sentencing unless the district court finds, inter alia, 20 "by clear and convincing evidence that the person is not likely to flee or pose a danger to the safety 21 of any other person or the community." 18 U.S.C. § 3143(a)(1); § 3143(a)(2)(B). A person 22 convicted of a crime of violence is generally to be detained pending sentencing unless the 23 government recommends no prison term, or the defendant—in addition to meeting the above no-24 risks-of-flight-or-danger requirements, see id. § 3143(a)(2)(B)—shows a substantial likelihood that the district court will grant a new trial or a judgment of acquittal, see id. § 3143(a)(2)(A)(i). 25 26 While a court may order that a person "subject to detention under section 3143(a)(2)" be released

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pending sentencing "if it is clearly shown that there are exceptional reasons why such person's detention would not be appropriate," that provision is by its terms applicable only to a person "who meets the conditions of release set forth in section 3143(a)(1)," a section that includes the no-risksof-flight-or-danger requirements. 18 U.S.C. § 3145(c). In reviewing a detention order, we review the district court's "specific predicate factual findings" and "overall assessment, based on those predicate facts," for clear error. *United States* v. Abuhamra, 389 F.3d 309, 317 (2d Cir. 2004). This court need not reach the question of whether Petitioner's conviction under 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(3) qualifies as a "crime of violence" because we cannot say that the district court clearly erred in finding that Petitioner failed to provide clear and convincing evidence that he did not pose a flight risk or danger to the community. The district court found that Petitioner "totally . . . disrespects the law when it comes to firearms" and held a "deep-seeded [sic] belief that he is the law when it comes to dangerous weapons." Tr. 578-79. Given the circumstances of the underlying offense in this case and Petitioner's improper pro se communications to the district court, we cannot conclude that the court clearly erred in finding that Perez did not produce clear and convincing evidence that, if released, he would neither be a flight risk nor pose a danger to the community. Accordingly, we **AFFIRM** the judgment of the district court, and the motion for release under Fed. R. App. P. 9(a)(3) is **DENIED.** FOR THE COURT: Catherine O'Hagan Wolfe, Clerk of Court Cotherin and Circuit Spauleolfe

A True Copy

Catherine O'Hagan Wol

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United States Court of Appears, Second Circuit